

AbGrab

More Reliable. Less Invasive.

Introducing AbGrab®

Laparoscopic abdominal entry is the most dangerous part of any laparoscopic procedure.¹ AbGrab® provides a reliable, yet non-invasive solution for abdominal wall elevation.

- **More reliable** than manual grasp
- **Less invasive** than towel clips
- **Clinically tailored** to improve abdominal wall elevation



Simple To Use

1

Attach Suction Tubing to AbGrab®

2

Place on Abdomen and Initiate Suction

3

Lift Abdomen, then Insert Veress or Trocar

Old Methods

Manual Grasp

- Manually grasping the abdominal wall can be **difficult** and unreliable, especially with obese patients or for clinicians with small hands.
- If grip slips during abdominal entry, **serious injuries can occur.**

Towel Clips

- Towel clips create puncture wounds that can **cause significant bruising.**
- Puncture wounds can cause unnecessary **post-operative pain.**

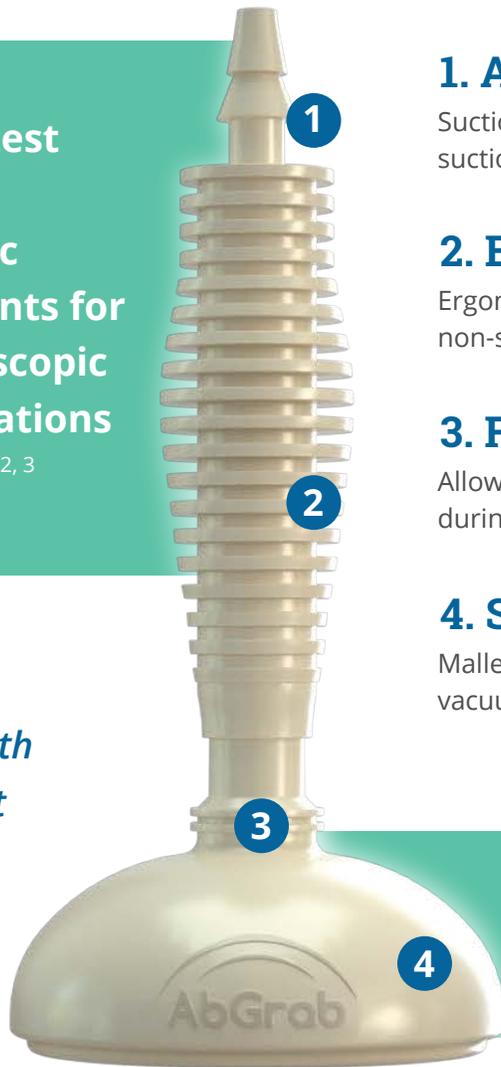


AbGrab

Elevate your practice with AbGrab®

Though often the shortest part of a laparoscopic procedure, laparoscopic abdominal entry accounts for ~50% of serious laparoscopic complications and litigations related to laparoscopy.^{2, 3}

AbGrab® can be used with the Veress needle, direct trocar, or direct trocar under vision entry techniques.



1. AbGrab® Easy Connect

Suction barb compatible with all OR suction tubing

2. Ergonomic Handle

Ergonomic ribbed handle provides non-slip gripping surface for gloved hands

3. Flexible Neck

Allows for 360° articulation of the neck during abdominal wall elevation

4. Suction Cup

Malleable rubber suction cup provides vacuum seal without harming skin

**More Reliable.
Less Invasive.**

1. Pepin, K., 2020. *Abdominal entry in laparoscopic surgery*. Contemporary OB/GYN Journal, [online] 65(11), pp.20-23. [Accessed 1 September 2021]. Available at: <<https://www.contemporaryobgyn.net/view/abdominal-entry-in-laparoscopiesurgery>>
2. Thepsuwan, J., Huang, K., Wilamarta, M., Adlan, A., Manvetyan, V. and Lee, C., 2013. *Principles of safe abdominal entry in laparoscopic gynecologic surgery*. Gynecology and Minimally Invasive Therapy, 2(4), pp.105-109 [Accessed 1 September 2021].
3. Jansen, F., Kolkman, W., Bakkum, E., de Kroon, C., Trimbos-Kemper, T. and Trimbos, J., 2004. *Complications of laparoscopy: An inquiry about closed- versus open-entry technique*. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 190(3), pp.634-638 [Accessed 1 September 2021].
Refer to the device specific Instructions For Use for information on indications for use, contraindications, and warnings & precautions.